Obtaining personal financial advice

West State Super

Financial advice is important to help you make the right decisions for your future. The choices you make today can affect the way you live in years to come. That’s why it’s important to spend some time researching your options and finding an adviser who is best suited to your individual needs.

What is personal financial advice?

Personal advice can help you clarify your current situation, define your future goals and help you take the necessary steps to implement them.

A well-informed financial adviser will tailor their advice around your own unique situation. Depending on the adviser’s qualifications and experience, the advice could cover a range of topics like budgeting, investing, saving, paying off debt, tax effectiveness and retiring.

Do you need personal financial advice?

Personal advice may not be for everyone. Some people can successfully handle their own finances, including super and investments.

However, if you are considering personal advice, make sure you only approach advisers who are employed by or are authorised to represent a business that holds an Australian Financial Services (AFS) licence. An AFS licence can cover advice on super, insurance, shares, managed funds and other general banking products.

How to find an adviser

You can search for an adviser through a professional association, such as The Financial Planning Association (FPA) or Certified Practising Accountants (CPA) Australia, who will have a list of their members who are financial advisers in your area.

Make sure your adviser holds a licence, or is employed by a licensed advisory business. The Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) licenses and regulates the financial advisory industry. You can check licence details at moneysmart.gov.au/investing/financial-advice/financial-advisers-register.

To protect yourself, you should also be aware of individuals and companies listed on ASIC’s register of unlicensed providers, available at moneysmart.gov.au/scams/companies-you-should-not-deal-with.

If an unlicensed provider offers you services, you can help warn others by reporting them to a government agency. For information on how to report a scam, visit moneysmart.gov.au/scams/report-a-scam.

Preparing for financial advice

This document provides you with a list of questions that may help you when choosing an adviser for both general super advice and for more specific advice about West State Super. See page 2 for general super questions and page 3 for questions about West State Super.

It’s important that you choose a financial adviser who understands our unique super schemes. This is especially important for your West State account and if you also have a Gold State Super account. Both of these schemes have features that are not generally available with other super funds. Your adviser should understand the complexity and benefits of defined benefit and untaxed schemes.

Questions to ask when choosing an adviser

Do you hold an Australian Financial Services (AFS) licence?

Make sure your adviser has an AFS licence provided by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC).

To check whether a business or person is licensed visit moneysmart.gov.au/tools-and-resources/check-asic-lists/check-a-financial-adviser or call ASIC’s information line on 1300 300 630.

Who is the owner of the business?

Ownership of the business can affect the products and services you are offered; for example, if the business is owned by a large financial institution such as a bank.

Ask for a copy of their Financial Services Guide (FSG). The FSG will tell you who owns the business or if the business is associated with other companies. It will also include information on the products and services they offer, their fees and commissions and their complaints resolution process.

What are your areas of expertise?

Check if the services offered are the services you are looking for. Advisers may have a large portfolio but may not cover all the products you have or need.

This is especially important when it comes to super as the adviser may not be able to advise you on your current fund if it is not on their approved product list.
Are you a member of a professional association?
Check the adviser is a member of an industry organisation such as the Financial Planning Association of Australia (FPA), the Association of Financial Advisers (AFA), Certified Practising Accountants (CPA) Australia, Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand (CA), the Financial Services Institute of Australasia (FINSIA) or the Stockbrokers and Financial Advisers Association (SAFAA).

What are your fees?
Financial advisers set their own fees and may be able to charge a commission on the products they sell, or may charge by the hour for their time. Some advisers may also charge an ongoing fee. The FSG should also explain these fees.

How long have you been a financial adviser?
The more experienced, the better. You would hope they have more than five years’ experience. If they have less than two years’ experience, ask if anyone else in the business will be assisting in preparing your advice.

Who are your typical clients?
If your adviser helps clients who are similar to you, then they will have experience in the type of advice you are looking for. You may even want to ask for a reference from an existing client.

What products do you advise on?
You are looking for a wide range of products from numerous providers, so that the advice you get is not limited to a narrow product range from only a few providers.

What information will you need to provide me with financial advice?
The adviser should ask you about your personal circumstances and what you are looking to achieve. You will need to provide information on income and expenses, what you own, what you owe, and your family situation including dependants as well as both your short and long-term financial goals.

Super questions to ask your adviser

What are the benefits of investing in super?
Super is a tax-effective way to save for your future. With ongoing contributions from your employer, the ability to make extra contributions and choose your investment plan, it makes sense to get the most from your super.


Should I consolidate my super into one account?
Generally yes, but this depends on the features of the super accounts you have.
Every time you’ve changed jobs you may have opened another super account.
Consolidating your super accounts will help you to keep track of your super, and make sure you’re not paying duplicate fees and charges. You can roll in money from other funds to your West State Super or GESB Super account. All you need to do is download and complete a ‘Super consolidation’ form available at gesb.wa.gov.au/forms.

If you’re considering rolling out of a GESB scheme, your adviser should be able to explain the implications of this to you. This is especially important if you have a West State Super or Gold State Super account, as these schemes have some unique features that are not available in most other Australian super funds. They are also both closed to new members, so if you change your mind you cannot re-join.

When you transfer your super, your entitlements under that fund may end. This may include any insurance you hold in the fund, such as death, disability or salary continuance insurance. You should consider all relevant information before you make a decision to transfer your super. If you ask for information, your super provider must give it to you.

What fees will be charged in my super account?
Your adviser should explain your super account’s management costs – this includes the administration and investment costs to run your account. They should also inform you of the cost of any contribution or transaction fees.

Is insurance included or do I have the option of insurance with my super account?
You may want to check the insurance options for your super account such as the premiums, the level of cover, and the type of cover such as death, disability, and salary continuance.

Find out if you have the option to receive cover and if any medical examinations are required. Make sure you check restrictions for age, type of work you do, part-time or casual employment and maternity leave.

How has my fund been performing?
Investment performance makes a significant difference to how much money you will have in retirement. Make sure your adviser can demonstrate how your fund has been performing at least over the last one, three and five years, while keeping in mind that past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

What are contribution caps and are there any caps on my super contributions?

Concessional (before-tax) contributions
Concessional contributions are generally taxed at the concessional rate of 15%. The general concessional contributions cap for 2019/20 is $25,000.

From 1 July 2018 if you have a total super balance of less than $500,000 on 30 June of the previous financial year, you’ll be able to carry forward up to 5 years of your unused concessional contributions cap amounts into later financial years. For more information, read the ‘Contributing to your super’ brochure at gesb.wa.gov.au/brochures.

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1 If you are a high income earner whose income and relevant concessional contributions exceed $250,000 then you may be liable for Division 293 tax. For more information see the ‘Tax and super’ brochure available at gesb.wa.gov.au/brochures.
2 The concessional contributions cap is indexed in line with Average Weekly Ordinary Time Earnings in increments of $2,500 rounded down.
Concessional contributions made to untaxed schemes such as West State Super or Gold State Super count towards your concessional contributions cap, but are not capped within those schemes. However, any concessional contributions you make to West State Super and Gold State Super will count towards the cap for the purposes of making concessional contributions to a taxed scheme (such as GESB Super).

For example, if you made $25,000 in concessional contributions to West State Super (including your employer contributions) you would not be able to make any further concessional contributions to a taxed scheme without exceeding your cap. However, there is an untaxed plan cap (indexed annually) which applies to the total untaxed benefit. You can accumulate up to this amount and still be taxed at the concessional rate when you withdraw the benefit or roll over to a taxed fund or retirement income stream. The untaxed plan cap for the 2019/20 financial year is $1.515 million. There may be tax implications if you exceed your super contributions cap.

For more information, read the ‘Tax and super’ brochure, available at gesb.wa.gov.au/brochures.

Non-concessional (after-tax) contributions

Non-concessional contributions are contributions that are not included in the assessable income of the fund. They are often referred to as after-tax contributions. All non-concessional contributions to all of your super funds in a financial year are counted towards your non-concessional contributions cap.

The non-concessional contributions cap is:
- $100,000\(^3\) p.a. or
- If aged under 65, you may be able to bring forward one or two years of contributions i.e. $100,000 plus $200,000, giving you a cap of $300,000 over three years

The amount available under the bring-forward rule depends on your total super balance as at 30 June in the previous financial year. There may be tax implications if you exceed your non-concessional contributions cap.

For more information, read the ‘Tax and super’ brochure, available at gesb.wa.gov.au/brochures.

How can I contribute to my super account?

Superannuation Guarantee (SG)

For the 2019/20 financial year, your employer is legally required to contribute 9.5% of your eligible salary into your super account.

Salary sacrifice

These contributions are made from your before-tax salary. The money you ‘sacrifice’ gets paid directly from your salary into your super account before you pay income tax. This is generally one of the most tax-effective ways to make additional contributions to your super account. You can make salary sacrifice contributions through an agreement with your employer.

Co-contributions

This is a Commonwealth Government initiative designed to increase the retirement savings of Australians who meet certain eligibility criteria, by matching up to 50 cents for each dollar of your personal after-tax contributions up to a maximum payment of $500. You must provide your fund with your tax file number (TFN) to be able to receive a co-contribution.

Spouse contributions

Spouse or partner contributions allow you to contribute money to your spouse or partner’s super account. These contributions assist in growing your joint retirement savings. You may also be eligible for a tax offset if certain eligibility criteria are met.

West State Super questions to ask your adviser

Below are some important questions you and your adviser should consider before making any decisions.
- What type of scheme is my West State Super account?
- What are the contribution caps for my West State Super scheme?
- What happens if I have a service period that commenced before 1 July 1983?
- Are there any other implications to be aware of as a member of West State Super?
- Are there any reasons I should not move from my West State Super fund into another accumulation fund?
- What insurance do I have with my West State Super fund?
- I have both a West State Super and a Gold State Super account, is there anything I should be aware of?

Access the ‘West State Super Product Information Booklet’ at gesb.wa.gov.au/brochures to find out important information relating to the above questions, and for more information on your West State Super scheme.

For more on the unique features of your West State Super scheme, visit gesb.wa.gov.au/unique.

Disclaimer: the information contained in this fact sheet is of a general nature, and does not constitute legal, taxation or personal financial advice. In providing this information, we have not taken into account your investment objectives, financial situation or needs. We are not licensed to provide financial product advice. Before acting or relying on any of the information in this document, you should read this fact sheet in conjunction with the relevant Product Information Booklet and disclosure documents at gesb.wa.gov.au/brochures, and consider whether the information is appropriate for you. You may also wish to consult a suitably qualified adviser to assist you.

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